

Tonopah Bottling Works

Phone 812

Manufacturers of Carbonated Beverages

Lemon Soda, Raspberry Soda, Iron Port, Cream Soda,
Hires Root Beer, Coca Cola, Strawberry Soda, Iron Beer,
Sarsaparilla, Cider, Mineral Water, etc.

Hall Building

Tonopah, Nevada

HOME OF LOW PRICES!

CRUMLEY BLDG., COR. MAIN AND EVERETT
COMPLETE LINE OF
DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED GROCERIES
GOODS SOLD AT SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFITS
POSSIBLE

H. CHIATOVICH CO.

Phone 1522

OPEN FOR BUSINESS

TONOPAH CLUB

Headquarters for
All Sporting Events

IF HE IS IN TOWN YOU WILL FIND HIM HERE

TONOPAH CLUB

NICK ABELMAN

CHAS. BROWN

MONTANA CAFE

— for the —
BEST FOODPrivate Tables for Ladies
Boxes for Parties— for the —
Best Steaks — Pastries

SERVICE

TRY IT

MONTANA CAFE

TONOPAH & TIDEWATER RAILROAD

Leave Goldfield, 10:10 A. M.
Monday, Thursday, Saturday
Arrive Goldfield, 5:00 P. M.
Sunday, Wednesday, Friday.

D. ASPLAND, General Agent.

HARRY C. STIMLER & CO. BROKERS

Represented on the Following
Exchanges:NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK CURB
CHICAGO STOCK EXCHANGE
SAN FRANCISCO STOCK EXCH.We guarantee Prompt and Accurate
Service. We solicit a share
of your PatronageOFFICE: MIZPAH HOTEL
TONOPAH NEVADA

MINING MUST COME BACK TO SAVE COUNTRY

Kill the Industry and Wheels
of Factories Stand Idle
in Every Country.

IS SURE CURE FOR IDLENESS

Metal of Gold and Silver Needed
to Back Up Currency, So
Back to the Mines.BY LETSON BOLLIE
Economic Engineer.There is one industry that stands
paramount over all others in national
importance. It is the one from
which every other business and in-
dustry draws its ability to exist, or
depends upon for progress. It is
the power house that makes the
wheels of industry turn, furnishes
the tools to till the soil, and fur-
nishes the means of transportation
for all commodities.Kill that industry, and the wheels
of the factories stand idle, the mer-
chant's stock decays on the shelves,
the wheels of transportation stop,
men and women become idle, cold,
hungry and without light.But the greatest of all industries
is mining. All other business de-
pends, somewhere along the line,
upon the product from the mines.There are no idle men in the country
when the mining business is ac-
tive. Make conditions that will in-
duce men and money into mining,
and mineral development, and there
will be no unemployment in the
country.Mining for gold and silver is the
only business in the world wherein
men are employed and paid with
money that no one ever had before.
These workers buy clothing, food
and other necessities from tradesmen
who thus gather into their coffers
this money that no one ever had
before. They, in turn, pay wages to
clerks, pay rents and freight, as well
as buy their merchandise of whole-
salers, who in turn buy it from the
factory agents. The miners' wage
therefore helps to turn the wheels
of industry, but in addition, the gold
and silver that is produced from
the mine in excess of the wages and
the cost of mining tools, supplies,
etc., is divided up among a thou-
sand or more stockholders of each
mine. These stockholders buy food,
clothing and other commodities, and
hence the world gets the benefit of
the circulation of every dollar pro-
duced.When this condition of mining ac-
tivity covers the country, the pro-
duction of metal makes a supply of
inflowing money. When speculators,
manufacturers and business men see
this money stream in the marts of
trade, they find a keen desire to
"gather some of it" themselves. They
devises schemes, inventions, business
and industries of all kinds, as a
means of getting some of the flow-
ing gold. All these schemes, inven-
tions and industries employ men of
brain and brawn.Human ambition is, as it always
has been, to acquire wealth. That
ambition makes industry and busi-
ness. If the chance to satisfy that
ambition does not exist, then there
is no incentive for manufacturers
or mercantile establishments, not
even for labor to put forth any
more energy than that required to
exist.If all the money that now exists,
was in the hands of the few, what
incentive is there for those few whohave the idle money to start a fac-
tory, an industry or store. Under
such conditions, there is no new
money that they can gather by in-
vestment.This government needs, and must
have, the metal that the mines can
produce. Some people have even
advocated that the government take
over and operate certain mineral de-
posits under the direction of the
bureau of mines. This is not the
easiest way to the results.Human ambition, if not penalized,
will discover, develop and produce
this metal, and the country will get
the benefit of it.The tax upon mining is a penalty
upon effort. It is different from
any other business in the world.
All other business depends upon the
public patronage, or upon some one
having the money to pay. In other
words, in all business outside of min-
ing, somebody becomes the poorer
by the profit made in the busi-
ness. Every business needs metal
to prevent suffering and hardship.
Even the farmer is bewailing the
low price of hay, corn, hides and
other farm products, but how can
he expect more when there are mil-
lions of laborers idle and the stag-
nant money is not circulating, be-
cause it sees no chance to gather
more?Why should the idle money bid
against itself to give the farmer
higher prices for his products, any
more than a gambler should lend
you \$100 and then sit down and win
it back? He is playing against his
own money and is nothing ahead if
he wins it all back. Your I. O. U.
is given when you borrowed the
\$100 is worthless if you lose the
money back to the banker. Money
will not circulate unless it has a
supply from which it can gather
more. The people of the nation must

(Continued on Page Four)

SOUTHERN PART OF STATE ONCE AGAIN IS BUSY

Gold mining is slowing coming into
its own. The high costs which for
several years ran away from the
fixed price of gold are coming back
to the level of the yellow metal, and
capital, driven from the other indus-
tries by the financial depression, is
turning to gold mining. The condi-
tion which ruined gold mining at
the start of the war has been broken.
Industries which flourished on the
conditions that broke gold mining
during the war are now suffering.
This is the present condition, accord-
ing to experts, and mining men say
it is being reflected already by an
improvement noticeable to Nevada
companies which are operating and
by the plans men who turned to
other industries during the war are
now making to re-enter gold min-
ing.This is particularly noticeable in
the region south of Tonopah, ex-
tending into California. A number
of important deals involving the
transfer of noted old mines are re-
ported to be pending and it is said
that the summer months will wit-
ness a gold mining revival on a big
scale in Pioneer, Bullfrog and the
surrounding country. It is reported
that big interests are negotiating
for some of the mines.Few companies in Nevada en-
gaged in gold mining were able to
stand the strain of the era of high
costs and keep operating. Among
the exceptions were the Mayflower
and Pioneer mines at Pioneer, and
the results of this continued opera-tion leave both mines in excellent
condition today, the Mayflower with
a mill turning out bullion and help-
ing to pay the expense of the work
being done, and the Pioneer with
an 800-foot shaft from which it is
expected to open the downward ex-
tension of the bonanza orebodies of
the early days.

AMERICAN BOYS ARE ALWAYS BETTER FED

(By Associated Press)

LONDON, Mar. 11.—(By Mail).—
Boys in America are far better fed
than English lads, declares W. B.
Close, ex-president of the Cambridge
university boat club, in a discussion
of the feeding of school boys. Mr.
Close asserts that the average man
he has met in the United States and
Canada is taller and bigger than the
average Englishman.Call Mrs. Sylvia Grochong, phone
506, when you need music for dances
or parties. The Grochong Orches-
tra is composed of real musical ar-
tists.

Advertise in The Bonanza.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

of the AMERICAN CARBIDE MAN-
UFACTURING COMPANY for the year ending
December 31, 1921.Location of Quarry, Bullfrog Mining
District, County of Nye, State of Ne-
vada.

Debit		Credit	
December 31, 1921 to cash	\$ 219,035	Quarry expenses in 1921	\$ 4,827.89
To assessments collected	1,000.00	General expenses in 1921	4,020.68
Dividend 1921	1,000.00	Addition to plant in 1921	2,451.40
To receipts	1,120,723.93	Other improvements	48,136.00
		Balance on hand December 31, 1921	502.71
			\$1,120,723.93

W. B. VITTI, Secretary.

INSURANCE ANNUAL STATEMENT

(For Publication)
NEWARK FIRE INSURANCE COM-
PANY OF NEW JERSEY

INCOME		EXPENDITURES	
Premiums	\$ 2,347,347.41	Paid policy holders	\$ 1,382,044.07
Other resources	184,716.14	Dividends	1,065,048.11
Total income, 1921	\$ 2,532,063.55	Other expenditures	1,065,048.11

BUSINESS, 1921		BUSINESS, 1921	
Risks written	\$448,744,172.00	Risks written	\$448,744,172.00
Premiums received	2,347,347.41	Premiums received	2,347,347.41
Losses incurred	1,450,474.56	Losses incurred	1,450,474.56

Mar. 27-Apr. 1.

INSURANCE ANNUAL STATEMENT

(For Publication)
QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY OF
New York

INCOME		EXPENDITURES	
Premiums	\$ 8,000,000.00	Paid policy holders	\$ 4,000,000.00
Other resources	2,000,000.00	Dividends	2,000,000.00
Total income, 1921	\$ 10,000,000.00	Other expenditures	2,000,000.00

BUSINESS, 1921		BUSINESS, 1921	
Risks written	\$10,000,000.00	Risks written	\$10,000,000.00
Premiums received	8,000,000.00	Premiums received	8,000,000.00
Losses incurred	4,000,000.00	Losses incurred	4,000,000.00

Mar. 27-Apr. 1.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

To Secretaries of Corporations Doing Business in
Nevada But Incorporated in Other States

OUR CHARGE \$9.00

SECTION 1.—All foreign corporations doing business in the State of Nevada shall, not
later than the month of March in each year, beginning in the year 1914, publish a state-
ment of their last year's business in some newspaper published in the State of Nevada.
If published in a daily newspaper, such statement shall be published for a period of one
week, or if published in a semi-weekly or tri-weekly newspaper, for a period of two
weeks; or if published in a weekly newspaper for a period of four weeks.SECTION 2.—The secretary of the company publishing the statement shall file a copy with
the assessor of each county of the State of Nevada, in which said company is doing
business.SECTION 4.—Any district attorney in the state is competent to sue to recover the penalty, or
the attorney general. The first county suing through its district attorney shall secure
the penalty, and if no suit is brought for the penalty by any district the State shall
have the right to recover through its attorney-generalThe TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA will make publication required by law, which includes
the filing of a sworn affidavit of publication with the assessor of each of the counties of the
State, within which the company is doing business; an affidavit of publication will also be
furnished secretaries.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

of the _____ Company for the
year ending December 31, 1921.Location of mine _____ Mining District
County of _____ State of Nevada

DEBIT

December 31, 1920, to cash on hand	\$ _____
To assessments collected during 1921	\$ _____
To amounts received from other sources	\$ _____
CREDITS	
Mine expenses in year 1921	\$ _____
General expenses in year 1921	\$ _____
Paid dividends in year 1921	\$ _____
Balance on hand December 31, 1921	\$ _____

Secretary

Address _____

Address _____

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

NEVADA TAX COMMISSION

PRESCRIBED FORM FOR COUNTY BUDGET, 1922

Estimated Receipts and Expenditures of Nye County for the Year Ending December 31, 1922, as Provided By
Section 3, Chapter 149, Statutes of Nevada, 1917.

Receipts—	Actual 1921	Estimated 1922	Expenditures—	Actual 1921	Estimated 1922	Estimated Tax Rate
Licenses	\$ 1,239.15	\$ 12,000.00	General Fund	\$ 21,507.84	\$ 182,426.00	\$ 0.45
Fees	8,432.85	8,200.00	Indigent Fund	29,456.78	25,000.00	0.20
Poll Tax	7,161.00	7,200.00	County Roads and Bridges	5,349.12	10,000.00	0.08
Interest on County Monies	1,125.97	1,000.00	Common Schools	7,312.56	80,000.00	0.60
Rentals and Sales County Property	4,063.75	4,000.00	High Schools	16,317.08	20,000.00	0.14
Forest Service	382.54	1,000.00	Bond Interest and Redemption	15,094.50	15,000.00	0.11
State's Proportion County Officers Salaries	21,144.16	25,000.00	School Mines	2,814.40	12,500.00	0.09
State School Monies	177.99	7,000.00	County-State Highway Fund			
Inheritance Tax	7,200.71	7,000.00	Totals	\$382,772.31	\$1,200,772.00	\$ 1.51
*Surplus Funds						
Taxes Received in 1921	376,971.50	257,275.00				
Taxes Required in 1922						
Totals	\$441,750.06	\$320,175.00				

ASSESSED VALUATION

	Actual, 1921	Estimated, 1922
Real Roll	\$ 8,347,495.69	\$ 8,300,000.00
Personal Roll	624,086.16	450,000.00
Net Proceeds of Mines	1,325,781.73	1,200,000.00
Totals	\$10,501,293.58	\$10,250,000.00
Final Tax Rate, 1921	2.80	2.51
State	.60	.42
Estimated Tax Rate, 1922	3.40	3.13

*Surplus funds are the amounts which it is estimated will remain unexpended in the various funds after all bills against said funds are paid
to December, 1922, exclusive of trust funds, statutory funds, like county-state highway funds, or funds held pending court action.
†The amount of "taxes required" is the difference between estimated expenses and receipts from sources other than taxes.